Patent Claims

1. Compound of the formula

$$R^3$$
 R^5 R^6 R^6 R^7 R^7 R^9

5 in which

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 R^9

R¹, R² and R³ independently of one another represent hydrogen, alkyl, alkoxy, carboxyl, alkylcarbonyl, alkoxycarbonyl, aminocarbonyl, trifluoromethyl, halogen, cyano, hydroxyl or nitro,

R⁴ and R⁵ independently of one another represent hydrogen, alkyl, alkoxy, alkylthio, cyano, halogen, nitro, trifluoromethyl or trifluoromethoxy,

R⁶ represents alkyl, cyano, halogen, nitro or trifluoromethyl,

R⁷ and R⁸ independently of one another represent hydrogen, halogen, alkyl or alkoxy and

represents aryl or 1,3-benzodioxol-5-yl, where aryl and 1,3-benzodioxol-5-yl may be substituted by 1 to 3 substituents, where the substituents independently of one another are selected from the group consisting of alkoxy, alkylthio, carboxyl, alkylcarbonyl, alkoxycarbonyl, aminocarbonyl, trifluoromethyl, halogen, carbamoyl, cyano, hydroxyl, amino,

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alkylamino, nitro and optionally hydroxyl-substituted alkyl,

or one of its salts, its solvates or the solvates of its salts.

5 2. Compound according to Claim 1, characterized in that

R¹, R² and R³ independently of one another represent hydrogen, methyl, fluorine, chlorine, cyano, hydroxyl or aminocarbonyl,

10 R⁴ and R⁵ independently of one another represent hydrogen, fluorine, C₁-C₄-alkyl or C₁-C₄-alkoxy,

R⁶ represents chlorine, nitro, trifluoromethyl, methyl, isopropyl or tert-butyl,

 R^7 and R^8 independently of one another represent hydrogen or $C_1\text{-}C_3\text{-}$ alkyl and

R⁹ represents phenyl or 1,3-benzodioxol-5-yl, where phenyl may be substituted by 1 to 3 substituents, where the substituents independently of one another are selected from the group consisting of C₁-C₆-alkyl, C₁-C₆-alkoxy, carboxyl, C₁-C₆-alkylcarbonyl, C₁-C₆-alkoxycarbonyl, trifluoromethyl, fluorine, chlorine, bromine, cyano, hydroxyl, amino, C₁-C₆-alkylamino and nitro.

3. Compound according to Claim 1 or 2, characterized in that

R¹ and R² are hydrogen,

R³ is fluorine,

R⁴ and R⁵ independently of one another are hydrogen, fluorine or

methoxy,

. R₆

is trifluoromethyl,

5 R^7 and R^8

are hydrogen and

 R^9

is phenyl, where phenyl may be substituted by 1 or 2 substituents, where the substituents independently of one another are selected from the group consisting of methyl, methoxy, ethoxy, fluorine and chlorine.

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4. Process for preparing a compound of the formula (I) according to Claim 1, characterized in that a compound of the formula

$$R^3$$
 R^4
 R^5
 R^6
 R^7
 R^7
 R^8
 R^9

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in which

R¹, R², R³, R⁴, R⁵, R⁶, R⁷, R⁸ and R⁹ are as defined in Claim 1, and

R¹⁰ represents alkyl, preferably methyl or ethyl,

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is reacted with a base.

5. Compound according to any of Claims 1 to 3 for the treatment and/or prophylaxis of diseases.

- 6. Use of a compound according to any of Claims 1 to 3 for preparing a medicament for the treatment and/or prophylaxis of diseases.
- 7. Use of a compound according to any of Claims 1 to 3 for preparing a medicament for the treatment and/or prophylaxis of viral infections.
 - 8. Use according to Claim 7, characterized in that the viral infection is an infection with the human cytomegalovirus (HCMV) or another representative of the group of the Herpes viridae.

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- 9. Medicament, comprising a compound as defined in any of Claims 1 to 3 in combination with a further active compound.
- 10. Medicament, comprising a compound according to any of Claims 1 to 3 in combination with an inert nontoxic, pharmaceutically acceptable auxiliary.
 - 11. Medicament according to Claim 10 for the treatment and/or prophylaxis of viral infections.
- 20 12. Method for controlling viral infections in humans and animals by administering an antivirally effective amount of at least one compound according to any of Claims 1 to 3, a medicament according to any of Claims 9 to 11 or a medicament obtained according to any of Claims 6 to 8.